

ENGLISH

# 第1章

## 题型分类解析

听力密码

100 题练成超级英语耳

- 题型 01 判断主旨要义
- 题型 02 用不同的表达方式表达相同的意思
- 题型 03 数字计算
- 题型 04 获取直接信息
- 题型 05 正话反说
- 题型 06 时间判断
- 题型 07 分析对话场景
- 题型 08 判断人物关系
- 题型 09 观点态度
- 题型 10 逻辑推理

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# 题型 01

## 判断主旨要义

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### 逻辑探秘：

主旨要义题主要考查考生对一段材料的中心思想的理解，也就是对主要内容的掌握。这类题目的提问方式主要有：

1. What's the main idea of this passage?
2. What is the passage mainly talking about?
3. What's the topic of this passage?
4. What's the title of this passage?

## 第 1 节

### 范例说明 · 思路点拨



#### 范例 1

#### 试题要求：

听短文，回答下列问题。

#### 你将听到：

Here is the news in Special English. There was a robbery at the City Bank this morning. Two men went into the bank at nine fifty. Their hats were low over their faces. When the bank worker asked if he could help them, they suddenly pulled out guns from their pockets. In less than two minutes they took away the money bag and returned to the street. A car was waiting outside. They got into the car and went away in a great hurry. The bank worker said that the two men are both very tall, but only one is strong. They both have square faces and very short hair. The police have offered a reward of fifty thousand dollars for any information that leads to the arrest of the two robbers.

**试题选项：**

- When did the robbery happen?  
A. At 8:50 am.                      B. At 9:50 am.                      C. At 9:50 pm.
- What do the police know about the two robbers?  
A. They are both short.  
B. They are both strong.  
C. They both have square faces.
- What's the title of this news?  
A. Bank Robbery!                      B. Robbers Caught!                      C. Bank Worker Murdered!

**思路提示：**

本文是一则关于银行抢劫案的新闻稿。文章开头就点明主题（a robbery at the City Bank），然后介绍了案发时间（9:50 am）、案发经过以及劫犯的情况（both tall, both have square faces）。

**范例 2****试题要求：**

听短文，回答下列问题。

**你将听到：**

Hello, boys and girls. Here's some information about our trip to the town of Chester. We'll go there by bus. It's a long trip, over three hours. So we have to start early. The bus will wait for you at the school gate at 8:00 tomorrow morning. We'll take sandwiches for lunch with us and we will eat together in a park. After that we will walk around the old market. You will be able to buy all your presents there. We will meet at the place where our bus stops. If you are lost, please give me a call. My mobile phone number is 13726158856. Any questions? OK. See you tomorrow.

**试题选项：**

- Where will they go?  
A. To a town.                      B. To a city.                      C. To a school.
- How will they go there?  
A. By train.                      B. By bus.                      C. On foot.



3. How long will it take them to get there?  
A. Over 3 hours.      B. Over 2 hours.      C. Over 5 hours.
4. What will they take for lunch?  
A. Rice.      B. Bread.      C. Sandwiches.
5. What can they do after lunch?  
A. Go swimming.      B. Go shopping.      C. Go boating.



### 思路提示：

本文开门见山，点明主题——关于旅行的信息发布（some information about our trip）。包括：目的地（the town of Chester），乘坐的交通工具（by bus），乘车时间（over three hours），注意事项（start early, meet at the school gate at 8:00, take sandwiches for lunch）及活动安排（walk around the old market, go shopping）等。



### 范例 3



### 试题要求：

听对话，回答下列问题。

### 你将听到：

M: I wish I could get used to the American customs of using first names.

W: We usually call good friends by their first names.

### 试题选项：

What is the man talking about?

- A. The woman's name.
- B. A custom that is new to him.
- C. American names.



### 思路提示：

本题题干是 what 引导的问题，意思：男士正在谈论什么？所以在听音时，考生应该重点听男士说的话。男士说他不适应美国人使用名字的风俗，所以正确答案为 B 项。

### 范例 4

#### 试题要求：

听对话，回答下列问题。

#### 你将听到：

W: Look! It's snowing.

M: Yes, but it's terribly cold today. I'm glad I have my overcoat on.

W: There is ice on the lake, too. We'll be able to go skating this weekend.

M: Not if it's too windy. Come on! Let's go back. I'm freezing.

W: You'll just have to learn to like it. The weather in Ottawa will be like this for the next three months.

M: Yes, I know, but I wish it were shorter here.

#### 试题选项：

What are they talking about?

A. Weather.

B. Ottawa.

C. Skating.



#### 思路提示：

本题题干是问谈话双方在谈论什么内容，本段对话中的一些关键词 snowing、cold、ice、windy、weather 等都是与天气有关的词语，所以应选 A 项。

### 范例 5

#### 试题要求：

听对话，回答下列问题。

#### 你将听到：

M: Do you like your salad?

W: Yeah, it's nice and fresh. Is yours good, too?

M: No, not at all. It tastes of nothing, just like boiled water.

W: Then you need to add some salt and olive oil to it.

#### 试题选项：

Why doesn't the man like his salad?

A. It doesn't look fresh.

B. It tastes too salty.

C. It is tasteless.



### 思路提示：

本题题干用疑问词 why 来提出问题：男士为什么不喜欢他的沙拉？所以考生在听音时，应该重点听男士不喜欢的原因，男士说：“It tastes of nothing, just like boiled water.” 故正确答案为 C 项。

## 第 2 节

### 即学即用 · 专项训练

#### 基础训练

听第 1 篇短文，回答第 1—5 小题。

1. How old is the girl?  
A. Seven years old.      B. Eight years old.      C. Nine years old.
2. What TV Programme did the girl enter?  
A. Black Peter.      B. Blue Peter.      C. Green Peter.
3. What did the girl design a coin for?  
A. The 2012 London Olympics.  
B. The talent show on the TV programme.  
C. The use in people's daily life.
4. How was the girl's design?  
A. Simple and useful.  
B. Simple and beautiful.  
C. Simple and interesting.
5. Why was the girl excited?  
A. Because she got much pocket money.  
B. Because her picture was turned into a coin.  
C. Because she would take part in the Olympics.

听第 2 篇短文，回答第 6—10 小题。

6. How many sons did Mrs Jones have?  
A. Two.      B. Three.      C. Four.
7. When did the boys cut the grass?  
A. On Saturday mornings.  
B. On Saturday afternoons.  
C. On Sunday mornings.



8. Who gave the magazine to the boys?  
A. The boys' mother.    B. The boys' friend.    C. The boys' aunt.
9. Why did the boys want the woman on the mower (割草机)?  
A. To help them cut the grass.  
B. To help them cook meals.  
C. To help them clean the house.
10. How did their mother feel at the end of the story?  
A. Nervous.    B. Scared.    C. Disappointed.

### 提高训练

听第1段材料，回答第1题。

1. What are the speakers talking about?  
A. A man who was wanted by the police.  
B. A man who hid something in his shoes.  
C. A man who was being checked.

听第2段材料，回答第2题。

2. What are the speakers mainly talking about?  
A. The danger in the sea.  
B. The colour of the fish.  
C. The protection for the fish.

听第3段材料，回答第3题。

3. What does the man imply?  
A. He paid for the groceries himself.  
B. He had forgotten about the concert.  
C. He doesn't remember how much the groceries cost.

听第4段材料，回答第4题。

4. What will the speakers do?  
A. Act in a play.  
B. Go to the US.  
C. See a performance.

听第5段材料，回答第5题。

5. What does the woman imply?  
A. It's too late to join the soccer team.



- B. The man's grades have begun to improve recently.
- C. The man might not have enough time to play soccer.

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6 题。

- 6. What do we know from the conversation?
  - A. The girl is dishonest.
  - B. The boy and John are good friends.
  - C. The girl's mother has a low opinion of John.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 7 题。

- 7. Why is the man quitting his job?
  - A. He doesn't get along with the others.
  - B. He has found a better position.
  - C. He doesn't feel at ease in the firm.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 8 题。

- 8. What did the Indian merchant want to do with his elephant?
  - A. To take it to a market to sell it.
  - B. To take it to hospital for its left leg.
  - C. To give it to another merchant as a gift.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 9 题。

- 9. What does the sea affect according to the woman?
  - A. The climate.
  - B. The pollution.
  - C. Food.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 10 题。

- 10. What are the speakers discussing about?
  - A. How to spend the weekend.
  - B. What to do this evening.
  - C. What to do on Sunday evening.



# 题型 02

## 用不同的表达方式表达相同的意思

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### 逻辑探秘:

这类题目要求考生根据说话者的语音、语调和内容,通过逻辑推理来判断说话者的真实意图。这类题目考查考生的综合能力,题目难度较大。

这类题目常用的提问方式有:

1. What can we learn from this conversation?
2. What does the man mean?
3. What does the conversation show us?

### 第1节

#### 范例说明·思路点拨



#### 范例 1

#### 试题要求:

听对话,回答问题。

#### 你将听到:

M: Mum, I can't finish my maths homework. It's too difficult to do.

W: You know what to do, if there's a problem.

#### 试题选项:

What does the woman mean?

- A. You should know how to solve maths problems.
- B. There won't be any difficulty in maths homework.
- C. Can you find a way out of the difficulty?



### 思路提示：

观察三个选项，可以推断女士说的话应是关于男孩在做数学作业时遇到困难的想法或想法。A 项表示“你应该知道怎样去解决数学难题”；B 项表示“数学作业里没有任何困难”；C 项表示“你能想办法解决吗？”。



### 范例 2

#### 试题要求：

听对话，回答问题。

#### 你将听到：

W: I am so tired. I have studied all day long.

M: Why not stop to have a rest?

#### 试题选项：

What does the conversation show us?

A. The man suggests the woman go on studying.

B. The man suggests the woman take a rest.

C. The man suggests the woman go home at once.



### 思路提示：

本题的问题是对话告诉了我们什么。通过下面选项我们了解到男士会给女士一个建议。因此考生在听录音时，应注意听关于提建议的内容。



### 范例 3

#### 试题要求：

听对话，回答问题。

#### 你将听到：

M: I don't think your hat matches your dress.

W: But I like its style.



### 试题选项：

What does the man think about the woman's hat?

- A. It's very good.
- B. It doesn't go well with her dress.
- C. He likes the style.



### 思路提示：

选项 B 中 go well with 表示“和……相配”，而对话中则使用了“matches”来表示此意，故本题的正确答案为 B 项。



### 范例 4



### 试题要求：

听对话，回答问题。

### 你将听到：

M: Mary is fond of camping, isn't she?

W: Yes. She often goes for weeks at a time.

### 试题选项：

What does the woman say about Mary?

- A. She likes long camping trips.
- B. She hasn't gone camping for weeks.
- C. It takes her a long time to plan her camping.



### 思路提示：

选项 A (她喜欢长时间的野营)，是对对话中 Mary is fond of camping, isn't she? 和 She often goes for weeks at a time. 的整合，故本题的正确答案为 A 项。



范例 5

试题要求：

听对话，回答问题。

你将听到：

M: What's wrong, Judy? I hear you're not in a good mood.

W: I had a fight with my best friend Linda yesterday afternoon.

试题选项：

How does the woman feel now?

A. Excited.

B. Worried.

C. Unhappy.



思路提示：

选项 C 表示“不高兴”，而对话中则使用了 not in a good mood 来表示此意，故本题的正确答案为 C 项。

第 2 节

即学即用 · 专项训练

基础训练

一、听对话，回答问题。（每组对话读两遍）

1. What does the woman mean?

A. The man, himself, should look up the word in the dictionary.

B. The man should know the meaning of the word.

C. The man should buy a new dictionary.

2. How does Mike go to school?

A. He rides his bike to school.

B. He takes a bus to school.

C. He walks to school.

3. What did the woman ask the man to do?

A. She asked the man to throw away his radio.



- B. She asked the man to turn down his radio.  
C. She asked the man to turn up his radio.
4. What can we learn about Amy?  
A. Amy likes to chat on the Internet with her friends.  
B. Amy's friends don't call her very often.  
C. Amy doesn't like to chat with her friends.
5. What does the woman mean?  
A. The meal will be ready.  
B. She starts sitting on the floor.  
C. The room is quite dirty.
6. What does the man mean?  
A. He doesn't want to give the notice to Tom.  
B. He doesn't know who Tom is.  
C. He has gotten a job as a messenger.

二、听对话，选择正确的答案。（对话读两遍）

7. How many days will the man be away from home?  
A. Several days.  
B. Two weeks.  
C. Three days.
8. What does the sentence "I'll ring you up" mean?  
A. I'll ring the bell.  
B. I'll pick the ring up.  
C. I'll give you a ring.

### 提高训练

听第1段材料，回答第1题。

1. How many times did the man visit the TV Tower?  
A. Once.  
B. Twice.  
C. Three times.

听第2段材料，回答第2题。

2. What can we learn about the speakers' school?  
A. It has no parking lots.  
B. It's far from town.  
C. It has no dorms.



听第 3 段材料，回答第 3 题。

3. What does the woman imply?
- A. Her doorbell doesn't need repairing.
  - B. The man has just arrived on time.
  - C. It is not the right time for her.

听第 4 段材料，回答第 4 题。

4. What do we know about Monica?
- A. Her spoken English is still not so good.
  - B. She speaks English quickly.
  - C. Her English is very good.

听第 5 段材料，回答第 5 题。

5. What can be inferred from the conversation?
- A. The man saw Mark on the street two months ago.
  - B. The woman made a phone call to Mark yesterday.
  - C. Mark and the woman had not been in touch for some time.

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6 题。

6. What subjects does the boy need to pay more attention to?
- A. English and history.
  - B. Maths and physics.
  - C. Physics and chemistry.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 7 题。

7. Why is David asked to book a room?
- A. For a meeting.
  - B. For a dinner.
  - C. For a contest.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 8 题。

8. How did Charles travel through South China?
- A. By car.
  - B. By bus.
  - C. By train.



听第9段材料，回答第9题。

9. What does the man advise the woman to do?

- A. To put ice on her hand.
- B. To see a doctor in a few days.
- C. Not to use her hand for a while.

听第10段材料，回答第10题。

10. What can we learn from the conversation?

- A. The woman was a college student.
- B. The woman was once a gardener.
- C. The woman once joined the army.



# 题型 03

## 数字计算

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### 逻辑探秘：

数字类题目主要涉及价格、距离、年龄、重量等信息，考生往往需要进行简单的加减乘除运算。

这类题目常用的提问方式有：

1. How much is it?/ How much does it cost?/ What's the price of ...?
2. How far is it?
3. How old/ tall/ heavy ...?
4. What's the number of ...?

## 第 1 节

### 范例说明 · 思路点拨



#### 范例 1

#### 试题要求：

听对话，回答问题。

#### 你将听到：

W: Who is the letter from, John?

M: It's from one of my pen pals.

W: Pen pals? How many pen pals do you have?

M: Oh, I have two girl pen pals and three boy pen pals.

#### 试题选项：

Q: How many pen pals does John have?

A. Two.

B. Three.

C. Five.



**思路提示：**

本题是考查数字的典型题目。根据录音可知，只需计算  $2+3=5$  即可。

**范例 2****试题要求：**

听对话，回答问题。

**你将听到：**

W: Good morning. Can I help you?

M: Yes. We have booked two rooms for three nights, Bob White. I called last week.

W: One moment, please, Mr White. Yes, that was for two single rooms, right? We've prepared Room 402 and Room 403 for you. One single room costs 140 *yuan* one night.

M: Yes. Are they quiet rooms?

W: Well, they face the street. But there's a lovely view.

M: OK. That's great.

W: This way, please. I'll show you the rooms.

M: Thank you.

**试题选项：**

1. How many rooms has the man booked?

A. 2.

B. 3.

C. 4.

2. How much does a room cost for three nights?

A. 140 *yuan*.

B. 420 *yuan*.

C. 280 *yuan*.

**思路提示：**

本题涉及数量 and 价格，数量只是对话中内容的重现，价格则需要进行运算。

范例 3

试题要求：

听对话，回答问题。

你将听到：

W: I want this knife. And I think I'll take the pen, too.

M: All right. The knife is 7 yuan. So the total is 20 yuan.

试题选项：

How much does the pen cost?

A. 13 yuan.

B. 27 yuan.

C. 7 yuan.

思路提示：

对话中提到了两个数字——“7 yuan”和“20 yuan”。要注意“7 yuan”表示的是 knife 的价格，“20 yuan”表示的是 pen 和 knife 的总价格，那么 pen 的价格应该是“13 yuan”，故正确答案为 A 项。

范例 4

试题要求：

听对话，回答问题。

你将听到：

W: Is it true that you only spent \$32 on two dinners?

M: No, I only spent half of that.

试题选项：

How much did each dinner cost?

A. \$16.

B. \$8.

C. \$32.

**思路提示：**

本题难度较大。对话中提到了三个关键词：\$32, two dinners 和 half of that。女士问两餐的花费是否是 32 美元，男士的回答是：两餐只花费了 32 美元的一半。而题干所问的是每餐花费的价格，所以每餐只花费了 8 美元，故本题的正确答案为 B 项。

**范例 5****试题要求：**

听对话，回答问题。

**你将听到：**

W: So what did you buy?

M: A T-shirt, and it was a real bargain. I got it at half price, saving 15 dollars.

**试题选项：**

What was the normal price of the T-shirt?

A. \$15.

B. \$30.

C. \$50.

**思路提示：**

对话中提到了两个关键词 half price 和 15 dollars。男士用一半的价格买的，节省了 15 美元，意即“正常价格为 30 美元”，故本题的正确答案为 B 项。

**第2节****即学即用·专项训练****基础训练**

听对话，回答问题。（每组对话读两遍）

1. How much did the woman's pants cost?

A. \$45.

B. \$33.

C. \$12.



2. How often did the man play basketball in college?  
A. Every day.                      B. Once a week.                      C. Twice a week.
3. How far is the post office from here?  
A. Five minutes' walk.              B. Five miles.                      C. Five kilometres.
4. What's Larry Ruskin's telephone number?  
A. 8362556.                      B. 8362550.                      C. 8632550.
5. What size shoes does the woman want?  
A. Size 39.                      B. Size 38.                      C. Size 37.
6. How many languages can the woman speak altogether?  
A. One.                      B. Two.                      C. Three.

### 提高训练

听第 1 段材料，回答第 1 题。

1. How much money do the speakers have in all?  
A. \$18.                      B. \$38.                      C. \$28.

听第 2 段材料，回答第 2 题。

2. How much does the woman have to pay if she stays for 5 days?  
A. \$6.                      B. \$11.                      C. \$30.

听第 3 段材料，回答第 3 题。

3. How old is Dick now?  
A. 39.                      B. 43.                      C. 35.

听第 4 段材料，回答第 4 题。

4. How much does the man want to sell his book for?  
A. \$30.                      B. \$23.                      C. \$21.

听第 5 段材料，回答第 5 题。

5. How much did the man's wife pay for her coat?  
A. \$240.                      B. \$200.                      C. \$120.

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6 题。

6. How much money does the man want to change?  
A. \$120.                      B. \$100.                      C. \$90.



听第7段材料，回答第7题。

7. How much does the woman offer?

- A. 10 pounds.                      B. 15 pounds.                      C. 20 pounds.

听第8段材料，回答第8题。

8. How many times will everyone meet each week?

- A. Three times.                      B. Five times.                      C. Seven times.

听第9段材料，回答第9题。

9. How many languages does the school teach?

- A. Three.                      B. Two.                      C. At least four.

听第10段材料，回答第10题。

10. How many times did the woman make speeches last month?

- A. Three times.                      B. Four times.                      C. Five times.



# 题型 04

## 获取直接信息

?

### 逻辑探秘：

所谓直接信息，即考生可以从对话或独白中直接找到的能解答问题的信息。

### 第 1 节

#### 范例说明 · 思路点拨



#### 范例 1

#### 试题要求：

听对话，回答问题。

#### 你将听到：

W: Hello, Mr Grant. Did you move into your new house last week?

M: Yes, we did.

W: How do you like it?

M: We like it very much. We have three children, you know. Our son is twelve.  
And our daughter is seven. The new baby is six weeks old. We have lots of  
rooms in the new house.

#### 试题选项：

How old is the man's second child?

A. Twelve.

B. Seven.

C. Six.

**思路提示：**

根据男士提供的信息可知，他的第二个孩子是女儿，直接信息为 And our daughter is seven. 故本题的正确答案为 B 项。

**范例 2****试题要求：**

听对话，回答问题。

**你将听到：**

W: Hello, Beijing Hotel. Can I help you?  
M: I want to order a room with a double bed.  
W: OK. May I have your name, please?  
M: Tony. My family name is Brown.  
W: OK. Do you have a telephone number?  
M: Yeah. It's double five o six sixteen forty.  
W: 5506-1640. Thank you.

**试题选项：**

What's the man's telephone number?  
A. 5066-1640.                      B. 5560-1640.                      C. 5506-1640.

**思路提示：**

题干要求选择男士的电话号码，录音中提供的直接信息为 It's double five o six sixteen forty. 故本题的正确答案为 C 项。

**范例 3****试题要求：**

听对话，回答问题。

**你将听到：**

M: Thank you for introducing your professor to me. Would you please spell his name for me?



W: Sure, W-double O-D-B-U-R-Y. Woodbury.

M: Thank you.

**试题选项：**

What's the professor's name?

A. Woodubry.

B. Woodurby.

C. Woodbury.



**思路提示：**

题干要求选择教授的名字，录音中提供的直接信息为“W-double O-D-B-U-R-Y”，故本题的正确答案为 C 项。

## 第 2 节

### 即学即用 · 专项训练

#### 技能训练

听第 1 段材料，回答第 1 题。

1. Where will Lucy stay?

A. At home.

B. In the hospital.

C. In the school.

听第 2 段材料，回答第 2 题。

2. What is the weather like?

A. Sunny.

B. Windy.

C. Rainy.

听第 3 段材料，回答第 3 题。

3. What does the woman advise the man to talk about?

A. Places of interest.

B. Music or literature.

C. Food or sports.

听第 4 段材料，回答第 4 题。

4. What does the man suggest the woman do?

A. Talk with Linda.

B. Drink something.

C. Say sorry to Linda.

听第 5 段材料，回答第 5 题。

5. When did the man go on a trip?

A. Last month.

B. Last week.

C. Yesterday.





听第6段材料，回答第6题。

6. What does the man's father want to do?
- A. To spend more time with his grandchildren.
  - B. To have more exciting exercise.
  - C. To travel around the world.

听第7段材料，回答第7题。

7. What will the woman do at the travel service?
- A. Pick up her passport.
  - B. Buy her plane ticket.
  - C. Ask about the flight.

听第8段材料，回答第8题。

8. Why is the man going to Los Angeles?
- A. To spend a holiday.
  - B. To see his parents.
  - C. To do business.

听第9段材料，回答第9题。

9. What will the sea level be like in the future?
- A. It will go down.
  - B. It will rise.
  - C. It will be the same as now.

听第10段材料，回答第10题。

10. What kind of sports did the woman usually take part in?
- A. Basketball games.
  - B. Football games.
  - C. Swimming.



# 题型 05

## 正话反说

?

### 逻辑探秘：

有时候在录音中，朗读者说的是肯定句，但在考题的题干中则正话反说，用否定句来表达相同的意思，或者，录音中说的是否定句，而考题中则用肯定句来表达相同的意思。

### 第 1 节

#### 范例说明 · 思路点拨



#### 范例 1



#### 试题要求：

听录音，回答问题。

#### 你将听到：

Kate was out when Joe called at her office this morning.

#### 试题选项：

Which sentence has the same meaning as the one you hear?

- A. Kate wasn't in when Joe went to see her.
- B. Kate went out of her office to see Joe.
- C. Joe saw the officer at the gate.



#### 思路提示：

本题录音中使用了肯定形式 was out，选项 A 使用了否定形式 wasn't in，符合“正话反说”原则，故正确答案为 A 项。

## 范例 2

## 试题要求：

听对话，回答问题。

## 你将听到：

M: I'm sorry about the accident, Mrs Norris.

W: No one was hurt, thank goodness.

M: What happened exactly? Tell me in your own words.

W: Well, I was driving along Jefferson Street. I wasn't going fast at all. I saw this car. It was backing out of the driveway. It was Mrs Cranston. She didn't stop at all. She backed right into me.

M: OK, fine.

W: And thank you.

## 试题选项：

What can we learn about Mrs Norris' driving?

A. She was driving slowly.

B. She was driving fast.

C. She was stopping the car.

## 思路提示：

本题录音中讲到这位被撞的女士开车的情况时，使用了否定形式 wasn't going fast at all，选项 A 中则使用了肯定形式 was driving slowly，符合“正话反说”原则，故正确答案为 A 项。

## 范例 3

## 试题要求：

听对话，回答问题。

## 你将听到：

M: How often do you cook meals, Lily?

W: I never cook meals and never eat at home.

**试题选项：**

What do we know about the woman?

- A. She cooks meals every day.
- B. She never eats fast food.
- C. She often eats out.



**思路提示：**

本题录音中讲到这位女士吃饭的情况时，使用了否定形式 **never eat at home**，选项 C 使用了肯定形式 **eats out**，符合“正话反说”原则，故正确答案为 C 项。

## 第 2 节

### 即学即用 · 专项训练

#### 技能训练

听第 1 段材料，回答第 1 题。

1. What does the woman mean?
  - A. She wants the man to reschedule her flight.
  - B. She expects to be away for one month.
  - C. She's unable to have the trip this month.

听第 2 段材料，回答第 2 题。

2. What will the woman do this evening?
  - A. Go dancing.
  - B. See a movie.
  - C. Have a rest.

听第 3 段材料，回答第 3 题。

3. What do we know about the woman?
  - A. She is not at home.
  - B. She is angry with the man.
  - C. She is feeling sick.



听第4段材料，回答第4题。

4. What's the woman doing?
- A. She is worrying about the time.
  - B. She is typing letters.
  - C. She is checking the typewriter.

听第5段材料，回答第5题。

5. Why does the woman refuse the man's invitation?
- A. She is asked to rest.
  - B. She has a leg ache.
  - C. She has a stomachache.

听第6段材料，回答第6题。

6. What do we learn from the conversation?
- A. The woman is eager to see the pictures.
  - B. The pictures are present here.
  - C. The man doesn't want to show the pictures.

听第7段材料，回答第7题。

7. What did the students want the teacher to do this weekend?
- A. To let them free.
  - B. To make them do homework.
  - C. To have them learn English grammar.

听第8段材料，回答第8题。

8. What does the man learn from the woman?
- A. Tom has left for Los Angeles.
  - B. Tom's parents went to Los Angeles.
  - C. Tom has decided not to go to Los Angeles.

听第9段材料，回答第9题。

9. What is the woman?
- A. The man's sister.
  - B. A nurse.
  - C. A babysitter.

听第10段材料，回答第10题。

10. How did the man find John's report?
- A. Very good.
  - B. Ordinary.
  - C. Very bad.



# 题型 06

## 时间判断

?

### 逻辑探秘：

这类题目主要涉及对时间点和时间段信息的考查，也就是对年、月、日、时等信息的判断。

这类题目常见的提问方式有：

1. When/ What time...?
2. What day...?
3. What is the date...?
4. How long...?
5. How soon...?

## 第 1 节

### 范例说明 · 思路点拨



#### 范例 1

#### 试题要求：

听对话，回答问题。

#### 你将听到：

M: Mr Brown is coming to our school soon.

W: Really? When will he come?

M: Five minutes later.

#### 试题选项：

Q: How soon will Mr Brown come?

A. In five minutes.

B. In five hours.

C. In five days.

**思路提示：**

本题考查 how soon (多久之后)，是对从某个时间点到将来某动作结束或某动作发生这段时间的提问，常用在一般将来时态的句子中，其答语通常是“in + 一段时间”。同时还要弄清楚时间单位：分钟 (minute)、小时 (hour) 和天 (day)。

**范例 2****试题要求：**

听对话，回答问题。

**你将听到：**

W: Good morning, Tom. What's your trouble?

M: I don't feel very well.

W: Have you taken your temperature?

M: Yes, I have. My temperature is a little high.

W: How long have you been like this?

M: Ever since two days ago.

W: Open your mouth and say "Ah...". You have a cold.

M: Is it serious?

W: Nothing serious. Take the medicine three times a day, and you'll be all right soon.

M: Thanks a lot.

**试题选项：**

Q: How long has Tom been ill?

A. For 3 days.

B. For 4 days.

C. For 2 days.

**思路提示：**

本题考查 how long (多长时间)，询问时间段。回答方式有两种：since+ 时间点；for+ 时间段。



### 范例 3

#### 试题要求：

听对话，回答问题。

#### 你将听到：

M: Lucy, can you tell me when Linda will get here?

W: I'm not sure, but she is supposed to be here at ten to nine.

#### 试题选项：

When should Linda get here?

A. At 8:50.

B. At 9:00.

C. At 10:00.



#### 思路提示：

本题难度比较小，考生在听的过程中只要听懂了 at ten to nine，并知道它表示的是 8:50，就可以得出正确答案。



### 范例 4

#### 试题要求：

听对话，回答问题。

#### 你将听到：

M: John is supposed to come here at half past seven.

W: Yes, he'll be here in 15 minutes.

#### 试题选项：

What time is it now?

A. 7:15.

B. 6:40.

C. 7:45.



#### 思路提示：

本题难度比“范例 3”稍微大一点，考生在听的过程中不仅要听懂 half past seven（七点半），还要听懂 15 minutes（15 分钟），并推断出现在是“七点一刻”，正确答案为 A 项。



## 范例 5

## 试题要求：

听对话，回答问题。

## 你将听到：

W: Excuse me, could you tell me when the next train to Manchester is?

M: Sure. Well, it's 3 now. The next train to Manchester leaves in 2 hours, but you can take the train to Leeds which leaves in 15 minutes, and then get off at Manchester on the way.

## 试题选项：

At what time does the train to Leeds leave?

A. 3:00.

B. 3:15.

C. 5:00.



## 思路提示：

对话中提到了三个时间。男士提到：现在是3点，开往 Manchester 的火车要两小时后才开；你可以乘坐15分钟后去 Leeds 的火车，中途下车去 Manchester 就可以了。故本题答案为 B 项。

## 第2节

## 即学即用·专项训练

## 基础训练

一、听对话，回答问题。（每组对话读两遍）

- How long does it take the man to drive home when it isn't rush hour?  
A. Twenty minutes.  
B. Fifty minutes.  
C. Twenty-five minutes.
- When is Bob going home this afternoon?  
A. At 2:00.  
B. Around 3:00.  
C. At 1:00.



3. What time is it now?

A. 1:40.

B. 1:45.

C. 1:50.

二、听对话，选择正确的答案。（对话读两遍）

4. What time did the woman get to the airport to meet her father?

A. At 1:00 pm.

B. At 12:00 pm.

C. At 2:20 pm.

5. What's the woman's father's flight number?

A. BA506.

B. VA407.

C. VA408.

6. What time will the woman's father's flight arrive?

A. At 3:20 pm.

B. At 2:20 pm.

C. At 2:00 pm.

7. Why is the flight late?

A. Because the airport is too busy.

B. Because the weather in New York is bad.

C. Because something is wrong with the plane.

8. How long might the woman wait in the airport in total that day?

A. One hour.

B. Over three hours.

C. Two hours and twenty minutes.

### 提高训练

听第 1 段材料，回答第 1 题。

1. When will the speakers meet?

A. At 7:00.

B. At 7:30.

C. At 8:00.

听第 2 段材料，回答第 2 题。

2. At what time will the two speakers meet?

A. 4:40.

B. 5:10.

C. 5:20.



听第3段材料，回答第3题。

3. When will the magazine probably come?

- A. On the 10th.      B. On the 12th.      C. On the 15th.

听第4段材料，回答第4题。

4. When will the plane take off?

- A. At 5:30.      B. At 5:15.      C. At 5:10.

听第5段材料，回答第5题。

5. When will the speakers get there for the concert?

- A. At 6:00 pm.      B. At 7:00 pm.      C. At 7:30 pm.

听第6段材料，回答第6题。

6. When does this conversation take place?

- A. At 5:00.      B. At 5:15.      C. At 4:45.

听第7段材料，回答第7题。

7. How long has the girl been here?

- A. For 15 minutes.      B. For 30 minutes.      C. For 45 minutes.

听第8段材料，回答第8题。

8. How long does it take the man to drive home after 5 pm?

- A. 35 minutes.      B. 20 minutes.      C. 15 minutes.

听第9段材料，回答第9题。

9. When does the bank close on Saturday?

- A. At 1:00 pm.      B. At 3:00 pm.      C. At 4:00 pm.

听第10段材料，回答第10题。

10. When will the speakers get to the theatre if they leave now?

- A. At 7:35.      B. At 8:20.      C. At 7:45.



# 题型 07

## 分析对话场景

?

### 逻辑探秘：

这类题目主要涉及对话发生的场所、说话者的职业等方面的信息。对话内容中可能会提到几个场所，但只考查其中一个；或者对话中根本没有提到场所，而是让考生根据对话信息来推断该对话发生在哪里。

这类题目常见的提问方式有：

1. Where does this conversation probably take place?
2. Where is the man/woman going?
3. Where are they?

## 第 1 节

### 范例说明 · 思路点拨



#### 范例 1

#### 试题要求：

听对话，回答问题。

#### 你将听到：

M: Milan sounds like a good place to eat.

W: OK, let's go there. They have a complete menu and a warm atmosphere.

#### 试题选项：

Q: Where are the man and the woman going?

A. To the park.

B. To the zoo.

C. To a restaurant.

**思路提示：**

本题不是考查说话者在哪里，而是推断他们要去哪里。对话中有 eat、menu 等关键词，由此得出结论：去餐馆。

**范例 2****试题要求：**

听对话，回答问题。

**你将听到：**

M: What's that terrible smell?

W: Oh, I forgot the chicken. Look! It is burning.

M: Well, we can't eat that for dinner.

**试题选项：**

Q: Where does this conversation most probably take place?

A. In a bathroom.

B. In a sitting room.

C. In a kitchen.

**思路提示：**

本题考查对话发生在家中的哪个房间。根据对话中的关键词 smell、chicken、burning、dinner，可以得出结论：在厨房。

**范例 3****试题要求：**

听对话，回答问题。

**你将听到：**

M: What would you like to have, Madam?

W: I ... a cup of coffee and a chicken sandwich.

**试题选项：**

Where does the conversation probably take place?

A. In a restaurant.

B. On a farm.

C. At home.



**思路提示：**

根据听力录音中提到的 coffee 和 chicken sandwich，可以确定对话地点是餐馆，故正确答案为 A 项。



**范例 4**

**试题要求：**

听对话，回答问题。

**你将听到：**

M: How about my food? I've been sitting here for almost half an hour.

W: I'm sorry, sir. It must be ready by now.

**试题选项：**

Where does this conversation take place?

A. In a restaurant.

B. In a theatre.

C. In the station.



**思路提示：**

根据听力录音中提到的 food、sitting 等词汇，可以确定对话地点是餐馆。剧院和车站不会出现顾客等着取餐的情况，故正确答案为 A 项。



**范例 5**

**试题要求：**

听对话，回答问题。

**你将听到：**

W: Do I have to come back again after I finish this medicine?

M: I think you will be OK. But if you don't feel well, come back again in a week.

**试题选项：**

Where is the woman probably?

A. In a restaurant.

B. In the hospital.

C. In a fashion shop.

**思路提示:**

根据听力录音中提到的 medicine、feel well 等词汇, 可以确定对话地点是医院, 故正确答案为 B 项。

**第2节****即学即用·专项训练****基础训练**

一、听对话, 回答问题。(每组对话读两遍)

1. Where's Betty now?  
A. At her home.      B. In a hospital.      C. At school.
2. Where is the woman's uncle from?  
A. America.      B. Canada.      C. Australia.
3. Where is the man probably going this afternoon?  
A. To a hospital.      B. To a bookstore.      C. To a museum.

二、听对话, 选择正确的答案。(每段对话读两遍)

听第一段对话, 回答第4—6小题。

4. Where are Lucy and Lily from?  
A. They are from England.  
B. They are from America.  
C. They are from Japan.
5. Who likes swimming very much?  
A. Lucy.      B. Lily.      C. Lucy and Lily.
6. What do Lucy and Lily like doing?  
A. They like playing basketball.  
B. They like jumping.  
C. They like playing football.

听第二段对话, 回答第7—10小题。

7. Who called?  
A. A nurse.  
B. A friend of the woman's.



- C. The boy's mother.
8. Why did the woman call?
- A. She was injured.  
B. Her baby had an accident.  
C. She saw an accident.
9. Who was helping her?
- A. No one.                      B. Her husband.                      C. A doctor.
10. Where did the accident happen?
- A. In the street.  
B. At the woman's home.  
C. In the hospital.

### 提高训练

听第 1 段材料，回答第 1 题。

1. Where does the conversation take place?
- A. In a hotel.                      B. In a hospital.                      C. In an office.

听第 2 段材料，回答第 2 题。

2. Where does the conversation take place?
- A. In a laundry.  
B. In a department store.  
C. In a hotel.

听第 3 段材料，回答第 3 题。

3. Where is the man going?
- A. To New York.                      B. To Oxford.                      C. To London.

听第 4 段材料，回答第 4 题。

4. Where does the conversation take place?
- A. In a drug store.                      B. In a zoo.                      C. In a pet shop.

听第 5 段材料，回答第 5 题。

5. Where is the garden?
- A. Near the house.  
B. Round the back of the house.  
C. In front of the house.





听第6段材料，回答第6题。

6. Where are the speakers?

A. In a bank.

B. At a show.

C. Outside a theatre.

听第7段材料，回答第7题。

7. Where does the conversation take place?

A. At a ticket office.

B. In a store.

C. At a restaurant.

听第8段材料，回答第8题。

8. Where does the conversation most probably take place?

A. In the library.

B. In the classroom.

C. In the lecture hall.

听第9段材料，回答第9题。

9. Where does the man live?

A. In student housing.

B. In his wife's parents' house.

C. In his own apartment.

听第10段材料，回答第10题。

10. Where is the conversation taking place?

A. On a highway.

B. In a car shop.

C. In a car factory.



# 题型 08

## 判断人物关系

?

### 逻辑探秘：

这类题目主要考查说话者的身份、职业或双方的关系。常见的提问方式有：

1. Who is the man/ woman?
2. What is the man/ woman?
3. What is the relationship between the two speakers?

### 第 1 节

#### 范例说明 · 思路点拨



#### 范例 1

#### 试题要求：

听对话，回答问题。

#### 你将听到：

M: I heard you got full marks in the maths exam. Congratulations!

W: Thanks. I am sure you also did a good job.

#### 试题选项：

Q: What is the relationship between the two speakers?

- A. A teacher and his student.
- B. A maths teacher and his workmate.
- C. A student and his classmate.

**思路提示：**

本题问的是双方的关系。根据对话双方互相祝贺对方的考试成绩可以确定，他们是同学关系。

**范例 2****试题要求：**

听对话，回答问题。

**你将听到：**

W: Open your mouth and say “Ah”.

M: Ah...

W: Nothing serious. Take this medicine three times a day and have a good rest.  
You'll be better soon.

M: Thank you very much.

W: You are welcome.

**试题选项：**

Q: What is the relationship between the two speakers?

A. Husband and wife.

B. Father and son.

C. Doctor and patient.

**思路提示：**

本题问的是双方的关系。根据对话中的 take this medicine 可知，双方是医患关系。

**范例 3****试题要求：**

听对话，回答问题。

**你将听到：**

M: I'm looking for an English-Chinese dictionary. Do you have any?

W: Yes, we do. You'll find them in the dictionary section on the top shelf.



### 试题选项：

What is the woman's occupation?

A. A student.

B. A salesperson.

C. A teacher.



### 思路提示：

通过题干可以看出，本题询问女士的职业是什么。听音时通过听关键词 in the dictionary section on the top shelf 可知，女士的职业是书店的售货员，故正确答案为 B 项。



### 范例 4



### 试题要求：

听对话，回答问题。

### 你将听到：

M: Excuse me, miss. You can't park here.

W: But it's only for a few minutes, sir. I'm waiting for a friend.

M: This is a taxi park. You can park in the car park round the corner over there.

### 试题选项：

What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

A. Boss and secretary.

B. Teacher and student.

C. Policeman and driver.



### 思路提示：

根据对话中的关键信息句 You can't park here. 和 This is a taxi park. 可知，男士和女士的关系为警察和司机，故正确答案为 C 项。



### 范例 5



### 试题要求：

听对话，回答问题。

**你将听到：**

W: Good evening, Dr David. My name is Susan Gray. I'm with the local newspaper. Do you mind if I ask you several questions?

M: Not at all. Go ahead please.

**试题选项：**

What is Susan Gray?

A. A writer.

B. A teacher.

C. A reporter.

**思路提示：**

根据本文中的关键信息 ... the local newspaper. 和 ... ask you several questions. 可知，Susan Gray 的职业应该是当地报社的记者，故正确答案为 C 项。

**第2节****即学即用·专项训练****基础训练**

一、听对话，回答问题。（每组对话读两遍）

1. What's the relationship between the two speakers?  
A. Doctor and patient.  
B. Teacher and student.  
C. Mother and son.
2. What is the most probable relationship between Jim and Bob?  
A. They are twins.  
B. They are classmates.  
C. They are friends.
3. What is the relationship between the speakers?  
A. Librarian and student.  
B. Boss and secretary.  
C. Customer and repairman.



二、听对话，选择正确的答案。（每段对话读两遍）

听第一段对话，回答第 4—7 小题。

4. What does Mary do?  
A. A traveller.                      B. A teacher.                      C. A pianist.
5. Where does the talk probably take place?  
A. At the airport.  
B. At the bus stop.  
C. At the exhibition hall.
6. What was the relationship between Mr Lee and Ms Green in New York?  
A. Workmates.                      B. Classmates.                      C. Roommates.
7. How many times has Ms Green been to Beijing except this time?  
A. Several times.                      B. Once.                      C. Never.

听第二段对话，回答第 8—10 小题。

8. What's the matter with the young man?  
A. He is feeling ill.                      B. He is very sad.                      C. He is quite disappointed.
9. Why does the woman want to give the man an injection?  
A. Because it is more useful.  
B. Because he is asking for it.  
C. Because she doesn't have any pills (药片).
10. What's the relationship between the two speakers?  
A. Doctor and patient.                      B. Teacher and student.                      C. Mother and son.

### 提高训练

听第 1 段材料，回答第 1 题。

1. What is the man?  
A. A dentist.                      B. A cook.                      C. A tailor.

听第 2 段材料，回答第 2 题。

2. What's the probable relationship between the speakers?  
A. Director and actress.  
B. Policeman and driver.  
C. Conductor and passenger.

听第 3 段材料，回答第 3 题。

3. What is Mr Black?  
A. A singer.                      B. An actor.                      C. A teacher.



听第4段材料，回答第4题。

4. What's the relationship between the speakers?  
A. Friends.                      B. Classmates.                      C. Co-workers.

听第5段材料，回答第5题。

5. What's the probable relationship between the speakers?  
A. Employer and employee.  
B. Strangers.  
C. Doctor and patient.

听第6段材料，回答第6题。

6. What's the relationship between the speakers?  
A. Teacher and student.    B. Classmates.                      C. Strangers.

听第7段材料，回答第7题。

7. What's the relationship between the two speakers?  
A. Teacher and parent.    B. Husband and wife.    C. Mother and son.

听第8段材料，回答第8题。

8. What's the relationship between the speakers?  
A. Teacher and student.    B. Mother and son.                      C. Classmates.

听第9段材料，回答第9题。

9. What's the probable relationship between the two speakers?  
A. Husband and wife.  
B. Teacher and student.  
C. Friends.

听第10段材料，回答第10题。

10. What is the possible relationship between the speakers?  
A. Waiter and customer.  
B. Boss and secretary.  
C. Husband and wife.



# 题型 09

## 观点态度

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### 逻辑探秘：

这类题目综合性很强，要求考生不但能理解细节和事实，而且能根据对话内容进行综合概括，并推理、判断说话人的意图、观点和态度。

这类题目常考的提问方式有：

1. What is the man's idea?
2. How does the woman feel?
3. What does he think of...?
4. How does she like...?

## 第 1 节

### 范例说明 · 思路点拨



#### 范例 1

#### 试题要求：

听对话，回答问题。

#### 你将听到：

M: The wall behind looks a bit grey and dull. What can we do to make it more beautiful?

W: I think we should paint it white, so we can do some drawing on it.

#### 试题选项：

Q: What is the woman's idea to make the wall look more beautiful?

- A. To paint it white and draw on it.
- B. To paint it white and write something on it.
- C. To paint it black and draw a duck on it.



**思路提示：**

从题干和选项可以看出，女士提出了美化墙壁的想法。选项 C “把墙壁涂成黑色”，显然不符合一般的审美标准，所以考生要重点关注选项 A 和选项 B。

**范例 2****试题要求：**

听对话，回答问题。

**你将听到：**

W: Did you get a part in the new play?

M: Well, I tried out for the biggest part, but I didn't get it. I got a small part instead.

W: Did you feel bad about it?

M: Not really. It's better than nothing.

**试题选项：**

Q: What does the man mean?

A. He got the biggest part.

B. He felt bad about acting a small part.

C. He's glad to act any part.

**思路提示：**

从 the biggest part、small part、glad to act any part 可以看出，本题考查男士对于所演角色的看法。

**范例 3****试题要求：**

听对话，回答问题。



**你将听到：**

M: Can you possibly lend me \$10?

W: Of course.

**试题选项：**

What do you learn about the woman?

A. She is generous.

B. She has no money.

C. She is pretty.



**思路提示：**

根据录音中女士的回答“Of course.”可知，这位女士很大方，愿意借钱给男士，故本题正确答案为 A 项。



**范例 4**



**试题要求：**

听对话，回答问题。

**你将听到：**

W: If I speak this way, could you hear me clearly?

M: Go ahead.

**试题选项：**

What does the man mean?

A. The woman should go away.

B. He will get closer to the woman.

C. He can hear the woman very well.



**思路提示：**

根据录音中男士的回答“Go ahead.”可知，这位男士能够听清女士说的话，让她继续说，故本题正确答案为 C 项。

## 范例 5

## 试题要求：

听对话，回答问题。

## 你将听到：

M: You go ahead and sit next to Jack. He often talks too much while watching games.

W: Why me?

## 试题选项：

What do you know from the woman's answer?

- A. She can't understand the man very well.
- B. She doesn't agree with the man.
- C. Tom won't like her sitting.



## 思路提示：

本根据录音中女士的回答“Why me?”可知，这位女士对于男士让她和杰克挨着坐很反感，故本题正确答案为 B 项。

## 第2节

## 即学即用·专项训练

## 基础训练

一、听对话，回答问题。（每组对话读两遍）

1. How does the woman feel?
  - A. She feels angry.
  - B. She feels excited.
  - C. She feels very sorry about the man's sickness.
2. How did the woman feel about the motorbike the man bought?
  - A. This motorbike is expensive.
  - B. Motorbikes in this shop are very cheap.
  - C. The motorbike's price in this shop is reasonable.



3. What does the man think of the woman's worry?  
A. It's unthinkable.      B. It's necessary.      C. It's unnecessary.
4. What does the woman think of her missing the talk?  
A. She is sorry for missing the talk.  
B. She doesn't like biology.  
C. She thinks of it as something unimportant.

二、听对话，选择正确的答案。（每段对话读两遍）

听第一段对话，回答第 5—6 小题。

5. Which place did Bill win in the skiing competition?  
A. First place.      B. Second place.      C. Third Place.
6. How does Bill feel about skiing?  
A. Difficult but interesting.  
B. Dangerous but exciting.  
C. Easy but boring.

听第二段对话，回答第 7—8 小题。

7. What does the woman think of the concert?  
A. It's exciting.      B. It's interesting.      C. It's boring.
8. Which programme will they probably watch at last?  
A. *Sports World*.      B. A horror film.      C. A comedy.

听第三段对话，回答第 9—11 小题。

9. Can Mary write French well?  
A. Yes, she can.      B. No, she can't.      C. We don't know.
10. What does the man think of Japanese?  
A. It's difficult.      B. It's easy.      C. It is the same as German.
11. How many languages can Mary speak besides (除……之外) English?  
A. One.      B. Two.      C. Three.

### 提高训练

听第 1 段材料，回答第 1 题。

1. What is David going to do?  
A. Go to the park.      B. Do his homework.      C. Meet some friends.

听第 2 段材料，回答第 2 题。

2. How does the man feel after his exams?



- A. Good.                      B. Disappointed.                      C. Satisfied.

听第3段材料，回答第3题。

3. What does the woman think of running in the wet sand near the water?

- A. Difficult.                      B. Easy.                      C. Terrible.

听第4段材料，回答第4题。

4. What is the man's feeling?

- A. Depressed.                      B. Cheerful.                      C. Optimistic.

听第5段材料，回答第5题。

5. What does the woman think of the man's idea?

- A. Wonderful.                      B. So-so.                      C. Impractical.

听第6段材料，回答第6题。

6. How do most people treat politics?

- A. They care about them.  
B. They are crazy about them.  
C. They understand them little.

听第7段材料，回答第7题。

7. How does the man feel about staying here?

- A. Sad.                      B. Hard.                      C. Nice.

听第8段材料，回答第8题。

8. What does the speaker think of zoos?

- A. They are still useful and necessary.  
B. They are recreation places for animals.  
C. They have more disadvantages than advantages.

听第9段材料，回答第9题。

9. What does the man think of the cave?

- A. Boring.                      B. Interesting.                      C. Fancy.

听第10段材料，回答第10题。

10. Why do the two speakers want to buy a car?

- A. They have a lot of money.  
B. The man lives too far away from his office.  
C. The woman's office is too far away from her home.



# 题型 10

## 逻辑推理



### 逻辑探秘：

此类题考查考生的推理判断能力。在听力对话或独白中没有直接给出事情的结果，需要考生根据对话中提到的线索进行推测。其解题技巧为：

1. 捕捉“弦外之音”，如“降调”表示赞同肯定；“升调”表示怀疑、惊讶或否定。
2. 侧重 but 后的信息，表示转折意义。
3. 巧用 and 和 or，表示意义更为丰富。
4. 注意一些语法结构的运用。例如：虚拟语气表示与事实相反，否定比较级结构表示最高级等。

## 第 1 节

### 范例说明 · 思路点拨



#### 范例 1

#### 试题要求：

听对话，回答问题。

#### 你将听到：

M: We are having a little party at the weekend. Can you and Tom come?

W: That sounds nice. Thank you. But I'll have to check with Tom.

#### 试题选项：

Will the woman come to the party?

A. Maybe.

B. No.

C. Certainly.

**思路提示：**

在听力原文中 but 表示转折，其前面往往是婉转的客套话，后面才是真正想表达的意思，故答案选 A 项。与 but 相关的常见句型包括：I'd like..., but.../I was planning to..., but.../I'm sorry to hear that, but.../That's great, but... 等等。考生要特别注意 but 后的内容。

**范例 2****试题要求：**

听对话，回答问题。

**你将听到：**

M: We should stop here since we have been working for hours.

W: You are right. I'm a little bit tired.

**试题选项：**

What will the speakers do?

A. Have a rest.

B. Go on working.

C. Stop to work.

**思路提示：**

对话中男士建议停下来，女士先肯定男士的话，又说自己有点累了，据此可以判断对话双方将要休息一下 (have a rest)，故正确答案为 A 项。

**范例 3****试题要求：**

听对话，回答问题。

**你将听到：**

W: Hi, John. How is your exam?

M: It couldn't be better.

W: Really? But remember this: hope for the best and be prepared for the worst.



### 试题选项：

What can we learn about the man?

- A. He is so forgetful.      B. He is too careless.      C. He is confident.



### 思路提示：

录音中女士询问男士考试的情况，由男士回答 “It couldn’t be better.” 可知，这位男士很自信。故正确答案为 C 项。

## 第 2 节

### 即学即用 · 专项训练

#### 基础训练

听第 1 段材料，回答第 1 题。

1. Which book has the man’s brother got?  
A. A history book.      B. A Chinese textbook.      C. An English book.

听第 2 段材料，回答第 2 题。

2. Where does the man live now?  
A. In New York.      B. In Boston.      C. In Washington.

听第 3 段材料，回答第 3 题。

3. What does the man want to do?  
A. To ask the policeman for help.  
B. To press the button on the pole.  
C. To cross the street.

听第 4 段材料，回答第 4 题。

4. What can we know about the man?  
A. He enjoys travelling by car.  
B. He is good at driving.  
C. He used to own a car.





听第5段材料，回答第5题。

5. What does the man mean?
- A. He'll explain the words.
  - B. He doesn't know the words, either.
  - C. He knows the words very well.

听第6段材料，回答第6题。

6. What does the man mean?
- A. He had a terrible vacation.
  - B. He remained at home all the time.
  - C. The woman asked a silly question.

听第7段材料，回答第7题。

7. What burns the least fat according to the woman's coach?
- A. Running.
  - B. Walking.
  - C. Swimming.

听第8段材料，回答第8题。

8. What do we know about the woman?
- A. She told a lie.
  - B. She is a sports fan.
  - C. She was watching TV at 10 pm on January 19th.

听第9段材料，回答第9题。

9. What can we learn about the woman?
- A. She will see a film tonight.
  - B. She has no time tonight.
  - C. She is unwilling to meet the man.

听第10段材料，回答第10题。

10. How can parents prevent children from falling down the stairs?
- A. By using mats.
  - B. By fitting safety gates.
  - C. By accompanying the children all the time.